



# TS 350 SXY - CC/CV - PL



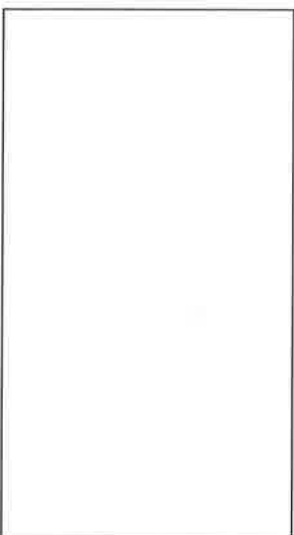
motosaldatrici gruppi elettrogeni

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ISO 9001:2000 - Cert. 0192



05/04

**USE AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL**



# **TS 350 SY/SXY GC/GV-PL**

**0 5 0 7**

**DS0319003 - GB**

## **USE AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL**

02/05/07 DS031M00  
preparato da UPT  
approvato da DITE



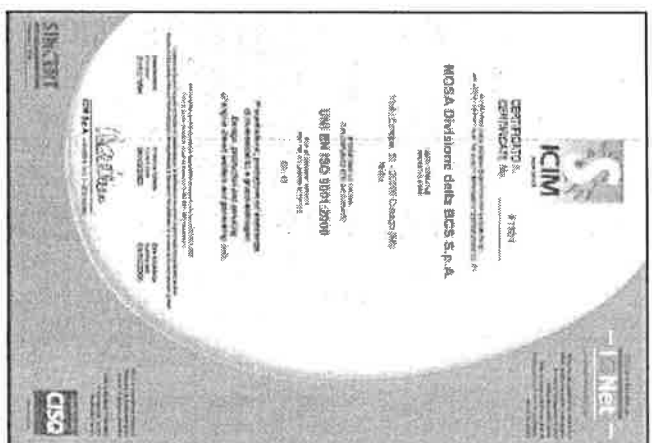


**UNI EN ISO 9001 : 2000**

MOSA has certified its quality system according to UNI EN ISO 9001:2000 to ensure a constant, high quality of its products. This certification covers the design, production and servicing of engine driven welders and generating sets.

The certifying institute, ICIM, which is a member of the International Certification Network IONet, awarded the official approval to MOSA after an examination of its operations at the head office and plant in Cusago (MI), Italy.

This certification is not a point of arrival but a pledge on the part of the entire company to maintain a level of quality of both its products and services which will continue to satisfy the needs of its clients, as well as to improve the transparency and the communications regarding all the company's activities in accordance with the official procedures and in harmony with the MOSA Manual of Quality.



The advantages for MOSA clients are:

- Constant quality of products and services at the high level which the client expects;
  - Continuous efforts to improve the products and their performance at competitive conditions;
  - Competent support in the solution of problems;
  - Information and training in the correct application and use of the products to assure the security of the operator and protect the environment;
  - Regular inspections by ICIM to confirm that the requirements of the company's quality system and ISO 9001 are being respected.
- All these advantages are guaranteed by the **CERTIFICATE OF QUALITY SYSTEM No.0192** issued by ICIM S.p.A. - Milano (Italy) - [www.icim.it](http://www.icim.it)

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**SYMBOLS IN THIS MANUAL**

- The symbols used in this manual are designed to call your attention to important aspects of the operation of the machine as well as potential hazards and dangers for persons and things.

**IMPORTANT ADVICE**

- Advice to the User about the safety:

**N.B.:** The information contained in the manual can be changed without notice. Potential damages caused in relation to the use of these instructions will not be considered because these are only indicative. Remember that the non observance of the indications reported by us might cause damage to persons or things. It is understood, that local dispositions and/or laws must be respected.

**WARNING**



**Situations of danger - no harm to persons or things**

**Do not use without protective devices provided**  
Removing or disabling protective devices on the machine is prohibited.

**Do not use the machine if it is not in good technical condition**

The machine must be in good working order before being used. Defects, especially those which regard the safety of the machine, must be repaired before using the machine.

**SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**



**DANGEROUS**

This heading warns of an immediate danger for persons as well for things. Not following the advice can result in serious injury or death.



**WARNING**

This heading warns of situations which could result in injury for persons or damage to things.



**CAUTION**

To this advice can appear a danger for persons as well as for things, for which can appear situations bringing material damage to things.



**IMPORTANT**



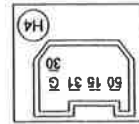
**NOTE**



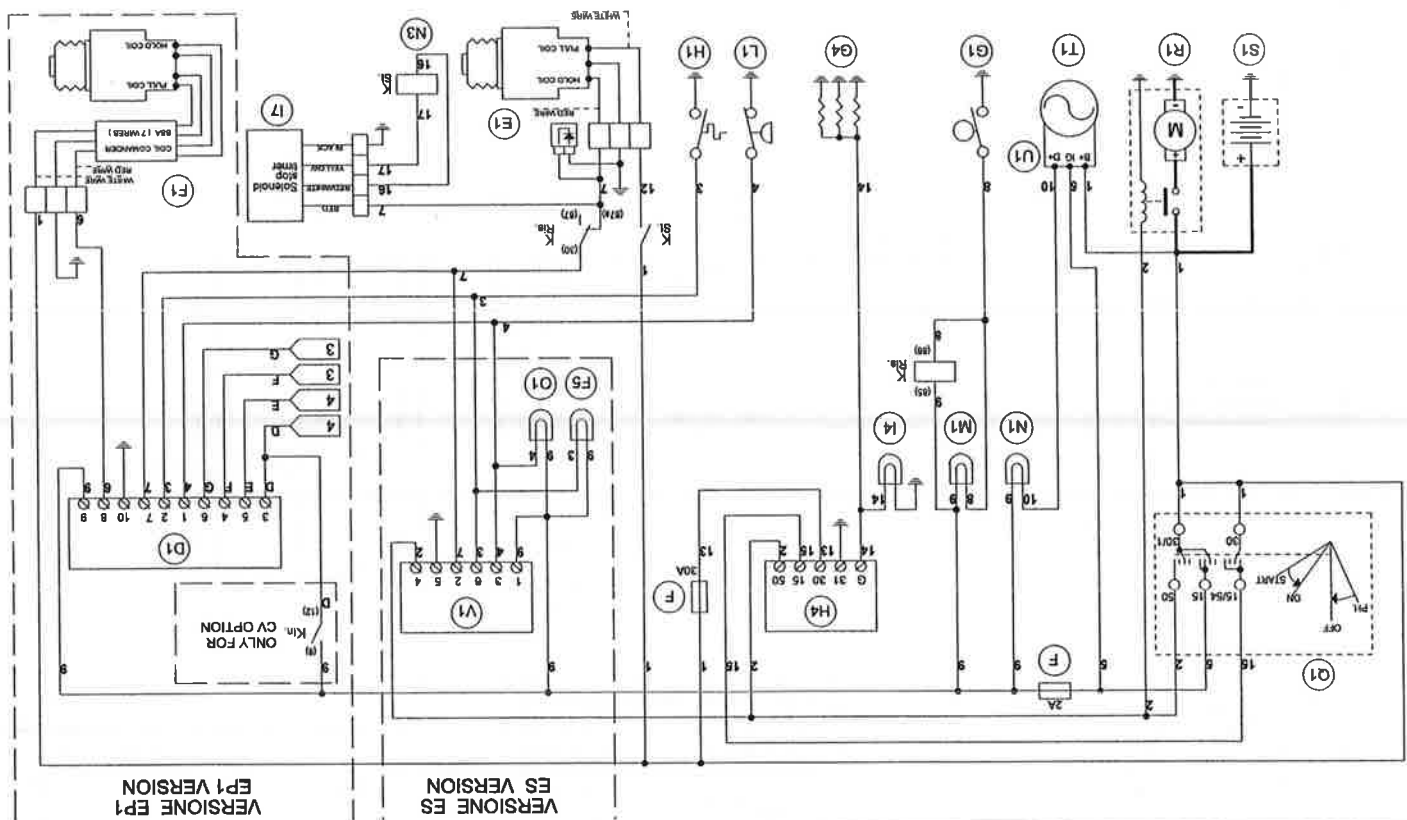
**ATTENTION**

These headings refer to information which will assist you in the correct use of the machine and/or accessories.

<p><b>MOSA</b> 20090-CUSA00 (M)-ITALY http://www.mosa.it</p>		<p>TS 350 SXY-PL Engine Yammar 3 TNE74 (Vers. ES-EP1)</p>		<p>Leporec N. 77374 S.010-B 20.03.2007</p>	
<p>Aggiunto: timer (T7) e rele (K.St.) per solenoide stop - rele (K.Ris.) riserva carburante: 14.02.2003 L.N.</p>		<p>Aggiunto: timer (T7) e rele (K.St.) per solenoide stop - rele (K.Ris.) riserva carburante: 14.02.2003 L.N.</p>		<p>01.03.2001 L.N.</p>	



ST	ON	OFF	PR	30	50/51	52
○	○	○	○	○	○	○



A: Alternator	A3: Insulation monitoring	A6: Commutator/switch
B: Wire connection unit	B3: E.A.S. connector	B8: Key switch, on/off
C: Capacitor	G3: E.A.S. PCB	G6: OEA control unit
D: G.F.I.	D3: Booster socket	D6: Connector, PAC
E: Welding PCB transformer	E3: Open circuit voltage switch	E6: Frequency, rpm regulator
F: Fuse	F3: Stop push-button	F6: Arc-force selector
G: 400V 3-phase socket	G3: Ignition coil	G6: Device starting motor
H: 230V 1-phase socket	G3: Spark plug	H6: Fuel electro pump 12V c.a.
I: 110V 1-phase socket	I3: Range switch	L6: Start Local/Remote selector
L: Socket warning light	L3: Oil shut-down button	L6: Choke button
M: Hour-counter	M3: Battery charge diode	M6: Switch CC/CV
N: Voltmeter	M3: Relay	M6: Connector - wire feeder
O: Welding arc regulator	O3: Resistor	O6: 420V/110V 3-phase transformer
P: 230V 3-phase socket	O3: Sparkler reactor	P6: Switch IDLE/RUN
R: Welding control PCB	O3: Output power unit	O6: HZ/V/A analogic instrument
S: Welding current ammeter	R3: Electric stream	R6: EMC filter
T: Welding current regulator	S3: E.P.4 engine protection	S6: Wire feeder supply switch
U: Current transformer	T3: Engine electronic PCB	T6: Wire feeder socket
V: Welding voltage voltmeter	U3: R.F.M. electronic regulator	U6: OSP chopper PCB
X: Shunt	V3: P10 HI control PCB	V6: Power chopper supply PCB
Y: Welding sockets	W3: P10 HI 20 l/min push-button	W6: Switch and lens PCB
W: D.C. inductor	W3: P10 HI 30 l/min push-button	W6: Hall sensor
X: Shunt	X3: P10 HI 20 l/min indicator	X6: Water heater indicator
Y: Welding diode bridge	Y3: P10 HI 30 l/min indicator	Y6: Battery charge indicator
A1: Arc striking resistor	A4: P10 HI 30 l/min indicator	A7: Transfer pump selector AUT-0-MAN
B1: Arc striking circuit	B4: P10 HI reset indicator	B7: Fuel transfer pump
C1: 110V D.C./48V D.C. diode bridge	C4: P10 HI 20 l/min solenoid valve	C7: "EECO" generating set test
D1: E.P.1 engine protection	D4: P10 HI 30 l/min solenoid valve	D7: Flushing with level switches
E1: Engine stop solenoid	E4: Hydraulic oil pressure switch	E7: Voltmeter regulator
F1: Acceleration sensor/hold	F4: Hydraulic oil level gauge	F7: WELD/AUX switch
G1: Fuel level transmitter	G4: Preheating glow plugs	G7: Reactor, 3-phase
H1: Oil or water thermostat	H4: Preheating indicator	H7: Switch disconnecter
L1: Oil pressure switch	L4: R.C. filter	L7: Solenoid stop timer
M1: Fuel warning light	M4: Heater with thermostat	M7: VODIA connector
N1: Battery charge warning light	M4: Choke solenoid	M7: OFF-ON-DIAGN, selector
O1: Oil pressure warning light	N4: Step relay	O7: DIAGNOSTIC push-button
P1: Fuse	P4: Circuit breaker	O7: DIAGNOSTIC indicator
Q1: Starter key	Q4: Battery charge sockets	O7: Welding selector mode
R1: Starter motor	R4: Sensor, cooling liquid temperature	R7: R.C. net
S1: Battery	S4: Sensor, air filter clogging	R7: 230V 1-phase plug
U1: Battery charge voltage regulator	T4: Warning light, air filter clogging	R7: VHz analogic instrument
V1: Solenoid valve control PCB	U4: Polarity inverter remote control	T7: VHz analogic instrument
Z1: Solenoid valve	U4: Polarity inverter switch	U7: V7:
W1: Remote control switch	Z4: Transformer 230V/48V	Z7: Z7:
X1: Remote control and/or wire feeder socket	Y4: Diode bridge, polarity change	X7: X7:
Y1: Remote control plug	Y4: Base current diode bridge	Y7: Y7:
A2: Remote control welding regulator	A5: Base current switch	A8: A8:
B2: E.P.2 engine protection	B5: Auxiliary push-button ON/OFF	B8: B8:
C2: Fuel level gauge	C5: Accelerator electronic control	C8: C8:
D2: Ammeter	D5: Actuator	D8: D8:
E2: Frequency meter	E5: Pick-up	E8: E8:
F2: Battery charge transformer	F5: Warning light, high temperature	F8: Polarity inverter two way switch
G2: Battery charge PCB	G5: Commutator, auxiliary power	G8: G8:
H2: Voltage selector switch	H5: 24V diode bridge	H8: H8:
I2: 48V a.c. socket	I5: V/s commutator	I8: I8:
L2: Thermal relay	L5: Emergency stop button	L8: L8:
M2: Contactor	M5: Engine protection EPS	M8: M8:
N2: G.F.I. and circuit breaker	N5: Pre-heat push-button	N8: N8:
O2: 42V EEG resistor	O5: Accelerator solenoid PCB	O8: O8:
P2: G.F.I. resistor	P5: Oil pressure switch	P8: P8:
Q2: T.E.P. engine protection	Q5: Water temperature switch	Q8: Q8:
R2: Solenoid control PCB1	R5: Water heater	R8: R8:
S2: Oil level transmitter	S5: Engine connector 24 poles	S8: S8:
T2: Engine stop push-button T.C.1	T5: Electronic GF relays	T8: T8:
U2: Engine start push-button U.C.1	U5: Release coil, circuit breaker	U8: U8:
V2: 24V c.a. socket	V5: Oil pressure indicator	V8: V8:
Z2: Thermal magnetic circuit breaker	Z5: Water temperature indicator	Z8: Z8:
W2: S.C.R. protection unit	W5: Battery voltmeter	W8: W8:
X2: Remote control socket	X5: Contactor, polarity change	X8: X8:
Y2: Remote control plug	Y5: Commutator/switch, series/parallel	Y8: Y8:

**SYMBOLS (for all MOSA models)**

 **STOP** - Read absolutely and be duly attentive


 Read and pay due attention


 **GENERAL ADVICE** - If the advice is not respected damage can happen to persons or things.

 **HIGH VOLTAGE** - Attention High Voltage. There can be parts in voltage, dangerous to touch. The non observance of the advice implies life danger.


 **FIRE** - Danger of flame or fire. If the advice is not respected fires can happen.


 **HEAT** - Hot surfaces. If the advice is not respected burns or damage to things can be caused.

 **EXPLOSION** - Explosive material or danger of explosion. In general, if the advice is not respected there can be explosions.

 **WATER** - Danger of shortcircuit. If the advice is not respected fires or damage to persons can be caused.


 **SMOKING** - The cigarette can cause fire or explosion. If the advice is not respected fires or explosions can be caused.


 **ACIDS** - Danger of corrosion. If the advice is not respected the acids can cause corrosions with damage to persons or things.


 **WRENCH** - Use of the tools. If the advice is not respected damage can be caused to things and even to persons.


**PROHIBITIONS** No harm for persons


 **Use only with safety clothing** - It is compulsory to use the personal protection means given in equipment.


 **Use only with safety clothing** - It is compulsory to use the personal protection means given in equipment.

 **Use only with safety protections** - It is a must to use protection means suitable for the different welding works.

 **Use with only safety material** - It is prohibited to use water to quench fires on the electric machines.

 **Use only with non inserted voltage** - It is prohibited to make interventions before having disconnected the voltage.

 **No smoking** - It is prohibited to smoke while filling the tank with fuel.

 **No welding** - It is forbidden to weld in rooms containing explosive gases.

**ADVICE** No harm for persons and things

**Use only with safety tools, adapted to the specific use** - It is advisable to use tools adapted to the various maintenance works.

**Use only with safety protections, specifically suitable for the different welding works.**

**Use only with safety protections** - It is advisable to use protections suitable for the different daily checking works.

**Use only with safety protections** - It is advisable to use all protections while shifting the machine.

**Use only with safety protections** - It is advisable to use protections suitable for the different daily checking works and/or for maintenance.

°C: temperature Celsius grades  
 10:10 kVA synchronous (wording example)  
 10000:10 kVA asynchronous (wording example)  
 A: Ampere  
 A: ADIM engine  
 atm: pressure  
 B: petrol  
 BAT: battery  
 BC: base current  
 C.A.(c.a.): alternating current  
 C.B.: battery charger  
 C.C.(c.c.): direct current  
 cc: cm<sup>3</sup> (volume)  
 CE: European norm conformity  
 CF: special for pipe welding  
 CTL: slow trolley  
 CTM CTV: fast trolley; hand trolley  
 D: diesel  
 D: GFI  
 D: Deutz engine  
 E: electric start  
 EAS: automatic intervention panel for generating sets for connection to the mains  
 EL: electronic regulation, allows to use welder and generating set simultaneously  
 EP1: automatic accelerator according to requested power, engine protection, low oil pressure, high temperature with engine stop, trouble warning lights  
 EP2: engine protection, low oil pressure, high temperature with engine stop, trouble warning lights  
 EP4: engine protection, low oil pressure, high temperature with engine stop, no battery charge, belt broken, low fuel level with engine stop, trouble warning lights  
 EP5: engine protection, low oil pressure, high temperature with engine stop, no battery charge, belt broken, low fuel level with engine stop, overspeed, trouble warning lights  
 ES: oil/temperature engine protection device  
 EV: electrovalve  
 g/kwh: grams/kilowatt hour (engine consumption)  
 GA: asynchronous alternator  
 GE: generating set  
 GHF: high frequency alternator  
 GS: synchronous alternator  
 h: hour meter (symbol)  
 H: Hatz engine  
 H: Honda engine  
 Ht: hydraulic central  
 Hz: frequency  
 I: single-phase auxiliary generation (symbol 1-)  
 IP: protection grade for electric devices against access to dangerous parts according to the IEC 529 norm (Internal Protection)  
 kg: kilogram (mass)  
 K: welding cables set  
 kVA: kilovolt ampere  
 kW: kilowatt (engine power)  
 kWh: kilowatt hour (energy)  
 l: liters (capacity)

The information here below are to be intended only as indicative since the above norm is much larger. For further details please see the specific norms and/or the manufacturers of the product to be used in the welding process.

**RUTILE ELECTRODES: E 6013**  
 Easily removable fluid slag, suitable for welding in all position.  
 Rutile electrodes weld in d.c. with both polarities (electrode holder at + or -) and in a.c. Suitable for soft steels R-38/45 kg/mm<sup>2</sup>. Also for soft steels of lower quality.

**BASIC ELECTRODES: E 7015**  
 Basic electrodes weld only in d.c. with inverse polarity (+ on the electrode holder); there are also types for a.c. Suitable for impure carbon steels. Weld in all position.

**HIGH YIELD BASIC ELECTRODES: E 7018**  
 The iron contained in the coating increases the quality of metal added. Good mechanical properties. Weld in all position. Electrode holder at + (inverse polarity). Mild deposit of nice aspect, also vertical. Workable; high yield. Suitable for steels with high contents of sulphur (impurities).

**CELLULOSIC ELECTRODES: E 6010**  
 Cellulosic electrodes weld only in d.c. with polarity + electrode holder - ground clamp. Special for steels run on pipes with R max 55 kg/mm<sup>2</sup>. Weld in all position. volatile slag.

**ELECTRODES IDENTIFICATION ACCORDING TO A.W.S. STANDARDS**

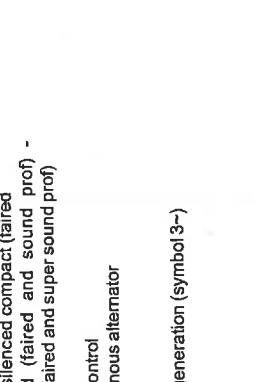


Table 1

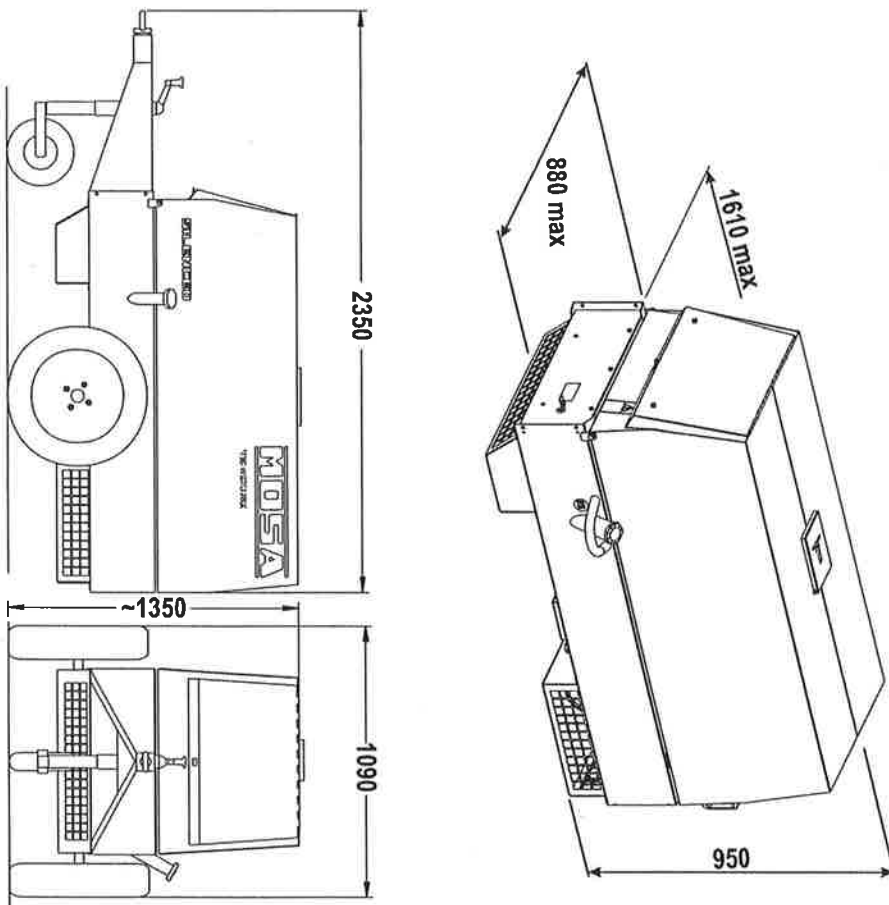
Number	Strength	
	K.s.l.	Kg/mm <sup>2</sup>
60	60.000	42
70	70.000	49
80	80.000	56
90	90.000	63
100	100.000	70
110	110.000	77
120	120.000	84

Table 2

1	for all positions for plane and vertic
2	for plane position only
3	for plane position only

Table 3

N°	Descrizione
10	Cellulose electrodes for d.c.
11	Cellulose electrodes for a.c.
12	Rutile electrode for d.c.
13	Rutile electrode for a.c.
14	High yield rutile electrodes
15	Basic electrodes for d.c.
16	Basic electrodes for a.c.
18	High yield basic electrodes for d.c. (inverse polarity)
20	Acid electrodes for flat or front position welding for d.c. (- pole) and for a.c.
24	High yield rutile electrodes for flat or front plane position welding for d.c. and a.c.
27	High yield acid electrodes for flat or front plane position welding for d.c. (- pole) and a.c.
28	High yield basic electrodes for flat or front plane position welding for d.c. (inverse polarity)
30	Extra high yield acid electrodes, extra high penetration if required, for flat position welding only for d.c. (- pole) and a.c.



	Conformity of CE		Sound power conformity		EN 60974-1		Triphase 3		Singlephase 1		User manual		Information		Various news
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Equipment and optional

	Gasoline engine		Diesel engine		Air cooling		Water cooling		Manual start		Electric start		Battery 12V		Engine shut down (E)		Engine speed		Control unit
	EV protection		ES protection		EP2 protection		EP1 protection		EP4 protection		EP5 protection		Shen		Air filter		Belt breakage		RVV
	Oil level indicator		Battery indicator		Fuel level indicator		Low fuel indicator		Oil temperature		Water temperature		Washing light		Air filter blockage		Vibrator phase detector		Electronic voltage regulator
	Asynchronous generator		Synchronous generator		Generator high frequency		Voltmeter		Frequency meter		Ammeter		Compound		Vibrator phase detector		Electronic voltage regulator		Switch
	Circuit breaker/ground fault interrupter		Circuit breaker		Ground fault interrupter		Thermal shut off		Fuse		Isolation monitoring								
	Terminal strip		3-CEE Socket 400/230V EEC		1-CEE Socket 230/110/48V EEC		1-Schuko Socket 230V		Socket 48V EEC		Battery charger		Engine booster						
	App. control		Welding with remote electrode		Welding current regulation		Base current diode bridge		Polarity inverter		DC/AC selector								
	hour counter		Ready for TIC		Ground connection point		Emergency stop button		Central lifting eye										
	Standard equipment		Options on request																
	Trolley		Site low		Welding cables		Remote control												

The installation and the general advice concerning the operations, are finalized to the correct use of the machine, in the place where it is used as generator group and/or welder.

CHECKING BOARD	
Stop engine when fuelling	Do not touch electric devices if you are barefoot or with wet clothes.
Do not smoke, avoid flames, sparks or electric tools when fuelling.	Always keep off leaning surfaces during work operations
Unscrew the cap slowly to let out the fuel vapours.	Static electricity can damage the parts on the circuit.
Slowly unscrew the cooling liquid tap if the liquid must be topped up.	An electric shock can kill
The vapor and the heated cooling liquid under pressure can burn face, eyes, skin.	
Do not fill tank completely.	
Wipe up spilled fuel before starting engine.	
Shut off fuel of tank when moving machine (where it is assembled).	
Avoid spilling fuel on hot engine.	
Sparks may cause the explosion of battery vapours	

**FIRST AID.** In case the operator should be sprayed by accident, from corrosive liquids a/o hot toxic gas or whatever event which may cause serious injuries or death, predispose the first aid in accordance with the ruling labour accident standards or of local instructions.

Skin contact	Wash with water and soap
Eyes contact	Irrigate with plenty of water, if the irritation persists contact a specialist
Ingestion	Do not induce vomit as to avoid the intake of vomit into the lungs, send for a doctor
Suction of liquids from lungs	If you suppose that vomit has entered the lungs (as in case of spontaneous vomit) take the subject to the hospital with the utmost urgency
Inhalation	In case of exposure to high concentration of vapours take immediately to a non polluted zone the person involved

**FIRE PREVENTION.** In case the working zone, for whatsoever cause goes on fire with flames liable to cause severe wounds or death, follow the first aid as described by the ruling norms or local ones.

EXTINGUISHING MEANS	
Appropriated	Carbonate anhydride (or carbon dioxide) powder, foam, nebulized water
Not to be used	Avoid the use of water jets
Other indications	Cover eventual shedding not on fire with foam or sand, use water jets to cool off the surfaces close to the fire
Particular protection	Wear an autorepiratory mask when heavy smoke is present
Useful warnings	Avoid, by appropriate means to have oil sprays over metallic hot surfaces or over electric contacts (switches, plugs, etc.). In case of oil sprinkling from pressure circuits, keep in mind that the inflammability point is very low.

WARNING	CAUTION	DAANGEROUS

**WARNING**

**THE MACHINE MUST NOT BE USED IN AREAS WITH EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE**

**WELDING UNIT CC**

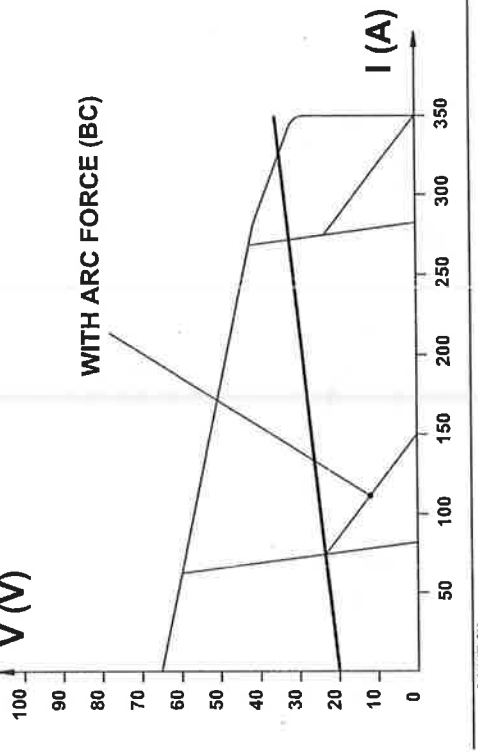
Max. DC welding current 350 A 35%, 320 A - 50%, 270 A - 100%

Welding current electronic regulation (on two scales) 20 - 350A

Striking voltage (OCV) 65 V

Electrode diameter (rutile, basic, cellulose) 2 - 6 mm

**OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC**

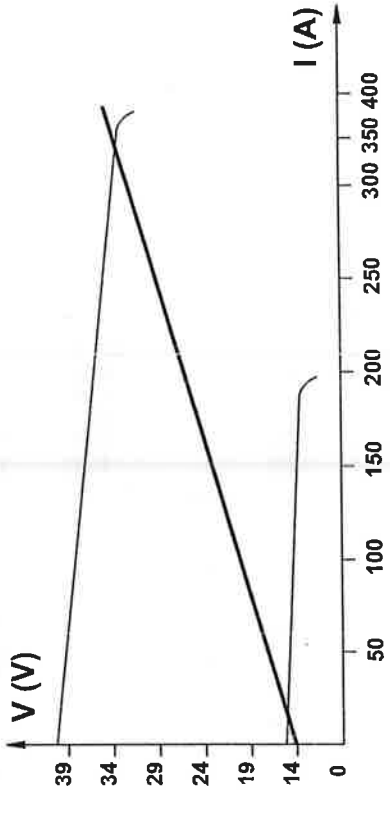


**WELDING UNIT CV**

Max. DC welding current 270/100%

Welding voltage electronic regulation 15 - 40V

Electrode diameter 0.8 - 2 mm



**SIMULTANEOUS UTILIZATION FACTORS**

In case Welding and Generation can be used simultaneously, however, the engine cannot be overboarded. The table below gives the maximum limits to be respected:

<b>WELDING CURRENT</b>	>250 A	200 A	150 A	100 A	0
<b>AUXILIARY POWER</b>	0	4 kVA	7.5 kVA	10 kVA	12 kVA

The TS 350 engine driven welder is a unit which function as:

a) a current source for arc welding

b) an electric auxiliary power generator

It is meant for industrial and professional use, powered by an internal combustion engine. It is composed of an engine, alternator, electric and electronic controls, and a protective housing.

**Technical data** **TS 350 SY CC/CV** **TS 350 SXY CC/CV**

ALTERNATOR		self-excited, self-regulated, brushless asynchronous, three-phase	
Type			
A.C. GENERATOR			
Frequency	50 Hz		
Three-phase generation	12 kVA / 400 V / 17,3 A		
Single-phase generation	7 kVA / 230 V / 30,4 A		
Single-phase generation	3,5 kVA / 110 V / 32 A		
Service	100 %		
Insulating class	H		
ENGINE			
Type	Diesel, 4-stroke, water cooled		
Output	YANMAR 3 TNE 74		
Speed	16,6 kW (22,3 HP)		
Displacement	3000 rpm		
Cylinders	1006 cm <sup>3</sup>		
Fuel consumption	3		
Cooling system	275 g/kWh		
Cooling system capacity	Liquid		
Starter	41		
Fuel	Electric		
Engine oil capacity	Diesel		
Battery	2,7 l		
Tank capacity	12V - 60Ah		
Running time (at duty cycle 60%)	32 l		
Protection	10 h		
Dimensions / max. LxHxW (mm)	IP 23		
Weight	1610x950x880		
Noise level**	475 Kg		
	98 LWA (73 dB(A))		
	495 Kg		
	93 LWA (68 dB(A))		

\* Dimensions and weight are inclusive of all parts without wheels and tender. \*\* LWA conforms to EEC directives 539/536, dB(A) at 7 m.

**OUTPUT**

The powers are guaranteed at 20°C and 1 bar pressure.

They are reduced in an approximate way:

of 1% every 100 m of altitude and of 2% for every 5°C above 20°C.

Up to an altitude of 1000 - 1300 m and in optimum climatic conditions (temperature, humidity, etc.), there are no notable setting variations. In particular climatic conditions for possible modifications or adjustments to be brought on the engine, please contact our Technical Assistance Centers.

**ACOUSTIC POWER LEVEL**

The machine respects the noise limits, expressed in sound power, given in the a.m. directives.

These limits can be used to judge the sound level produced on site.

For example: the sound power level of 100 LWA.

The sound pressure (noise produced) at 7 meters distance is about 75dB(A) (the limit value less 25).

To calculate the sound level at other distances use this formula:

$$dB_{A_x} = dB_{A_y} + 10 \log \frac{L_y^2}{L_x^2}$$

At 4 meters the noise level becomes:

$$75 \text{ dB(A)} + 10 \log \frac{7^2}{4^2} = 80 \text{ dB(A)}$$

**INSTALLATION AND ADVICE BEFORE USE**

The operator of the welder is responsible for the security of the people who work with the welder and for those in the vicinity.

The security measures must satisfy the rules and regulations for engine driven welders.

The information given below is in addition to the local security norms.

Estimate possible electromagnetic problems in the work area taking into account the following indications:

1. Telephonic wirings and/or of communication, check wirings and so on, in the immediate vicinity.
2. Radio and television receptors and transmitters.
3. Computer and other checking devices.
4. Critical devices for safety and/or for industrial checks.
5. Peapool who, for instance, use pace-maker, hearing-aid for deaf or something and else.
6. Devices used for rating and measuring.
7. The immunity of other devices in the operation area of the welder. Make sure that other used devices are compatible. If it is the case, provide other additional measures of protection.
8. The daily duration of the welding time.

<b>⚠ ATTENTION</b>		

Make sure that the area is safe before starting any welding operation.

- ⚠ Do not touch any bare wires, leads or contacts as they may be live and there is danger of electric shock which can cause death or serious burns. The electrode and welding cables, etc. are live when the unit is operating.
- ⚠ Do not touch any electrical parts or the electrode while standing in water or with wet hands, feet or clothes. Insulate yourself from the work surface while welding. Use carpets or other insulating materials to avoid physical contact with the work surface and the floor.
- ⚠ Always wear dry, insulating gloves, without holes, and body protection.
- ⚠ Do not wind cables around the body.
- ⚠ Use ear protections if the noise level is high.
- ⚠ Keep flammable material away from the welding area.
- ⚠ Do not weld on containers which contain flammable material.
- ⚠ Do not weld near refueling areas.
- ⚠ Do not weld on easily flammable surfaces.
- ⚠ Do not use the welder to defrost (thaw) pipes.
- ⚠ Remove the electrode from the electrode holder, when not welding.
- ⚠ Avoid inhaling fumes by providing a ventilation system or, if not possible, use an approved air breather.
- ⚠ Do not work in closed areas where there is no fresh air flow.
- ⚠ Protect face and eyes (protective mask with suitable dark lens and side screens), ears and body (non-flammable protective cloths).

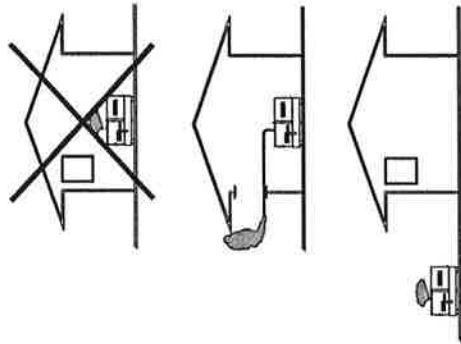
**INSTALLATION AND ADVICE BEFORE USE**

**GASOLINE ENGINES**

- Use in open space, air swept or vent exhaust gases, which contain the deadly carbone oxyde, far from the work area.

**DIESEL ENGINES**

- Use in open space, air swept or vent exhaust gases far from the work area.

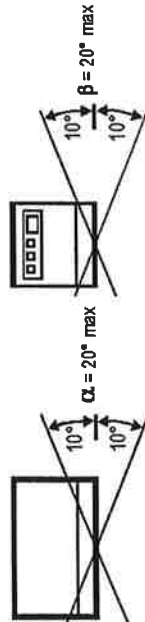


**POSITION**

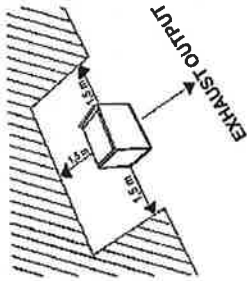
Place the machine on a level surface at a distance of at least 1,5 m from buildings or other plants.



Maximum leaning of the machine (in case of dis/level)



Check that the air gets changed completely and the hot air sent out does not come back inside the set so as to cause a dangerous increase of the temperature.



Make sure that the machine does not move during the work: **block** it possibly with tools and/or devices made to this purpose.

**MOVES OF THE MACHINE**

At any move check that the engine is **off**, that there are no connections with cables which impede the moves.

**PLACE OF THE MACHINE**

In spots where it often rains and/or there are flooded areas, do **not** put the machine:

- in the bad weather
- in flooded places.



**Protect all the electric parts at risk, because water infiltrations could cause short circuits with damages at persons and/or things.**

The protection degree of the machine is put on the data plate and in this manual at page "Technical Data".

Avvertersi di personale **qualificato** per effettuare le operazioni necessarie alla dismissione.

Per la dismissione s'intendono tutte le operazioni da effettuare, a carico dell'utilizzatore, quando l'impiego della macchina ha avuto termine.

Questo comprende le operazioni di smontaggio della macchina, la suddivisione dei vari elementi per un successivo riutilizzo o per lo smaltimento differenziato, l'eventuale imballaggio e trasporto di tali elementi sino alla consegna all'ente di smaltimento, al magazzino ecc.

Le diverse operazioni di dismissione comportano la manipolazione di fluidi potenzialmente pericolosi quali oli lubrificanti ed elettrolita batteria.

Lo smontaggio di parti metalliche che potrebbero determinare tagli e/o lacerazioni deve essere effettuato mediante l'impiego di guanti e/o utensili adeguati.

Lo smaltimento dei vari componenti della macchina deve essere effettuato in conformità alle normative di legge e/o disposizioni locali vigenti.

**Particolare attenzione deve essere riservata allo smaltimento di:**  
 oli lubrificanti, elettrolita batteria, combustibile, liquido di raffreddamento.

L'utilizzatore della macchina è responsabile del rispetto delle norme di tutela ambientale in ordine allo smaltimento della macchina dismessa, ovvero delle sue parti componenti.

Nei casi in cui la macchina venga dismessa senza preventivo smontaggio delle sue parti è comunque prescritto che siano rimossi:

- carburante dal serbatoio
- olio lubrificante dal motore
- liquido di raffreddamento dal motore
- batteria

**N.B.** la MOSA interviene nella fase di dismissione **solo** per quelle macchine che ritira come usato e che non possono essere ricondizionate.

Questa, ovviamente, previa autorizzazione.



**! IMPORTANTE**

Nell'effettuare le operazioni necessarie alla dismissione evitare che: sostanze inquinanti, liquidi, oli esausti, ecc. ... vadano ad arrecare danno a persone o a cose o causare effetti negativi all'ambiente, alla salute o alla sicurezza nel totale rispetto delle leggi e/o disposizioni locali vigenti.





In case the machine should not be used for more than 30 days, make sure that the room in which it is stored presents a suitable shelter from heat sources, weather changes or anything which can cause rust, corrosion or damages to the machine.

Have qualified personnel prepare the machine for storage.

**GASOLINE ENGINE**

Start the engine: it will run until it stops due to the lack of fuel.

Drain the oil from the engine sump and fill it with new oil (see page M25).

Pour about 10 cc of oil into the spark plug hole and screw the spark plug, after having rotated the crankshaft several times.

Rotate the crankshaft slowly until you feel a certain compression, then leave it.

In case the battery, for the electric start, is assembled, disconnect it.

Clean the covers and all the other parts of the machine carefully.

Protect the machine with a plastic hood and store it in a dry place.

**DIESEL ENGINE**

For short periods of time it is advisable, about every 10 days, to make the machine work with load for 15-30 minutes, for a correct distribution of the lubricant, to recharge the battery and to prevent any possible blocking of the injection system.

For long periods of inactivity, turn to the after sales service of the engine manufacturer.

Clean the covers and all the other parts of the machine carefully.

Protect the machine with a plastic hood and store it in a dry place.

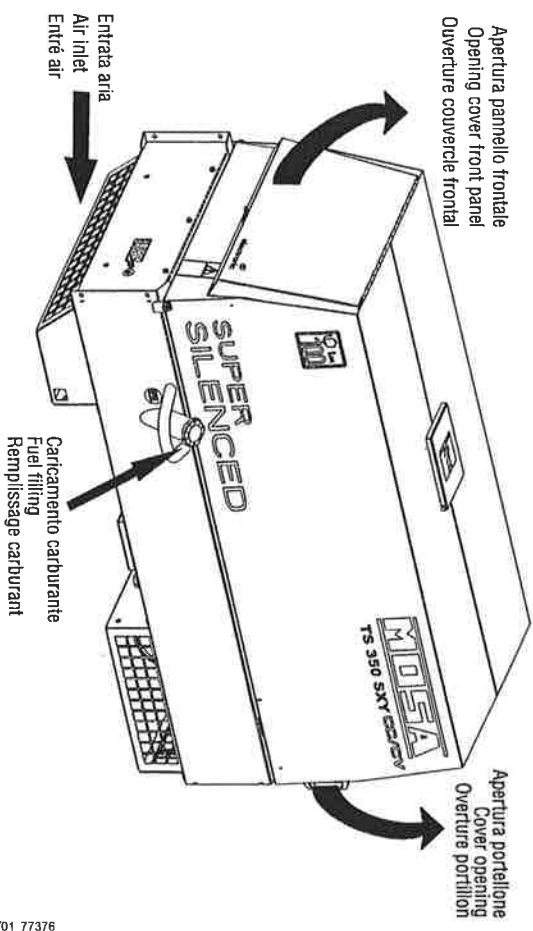
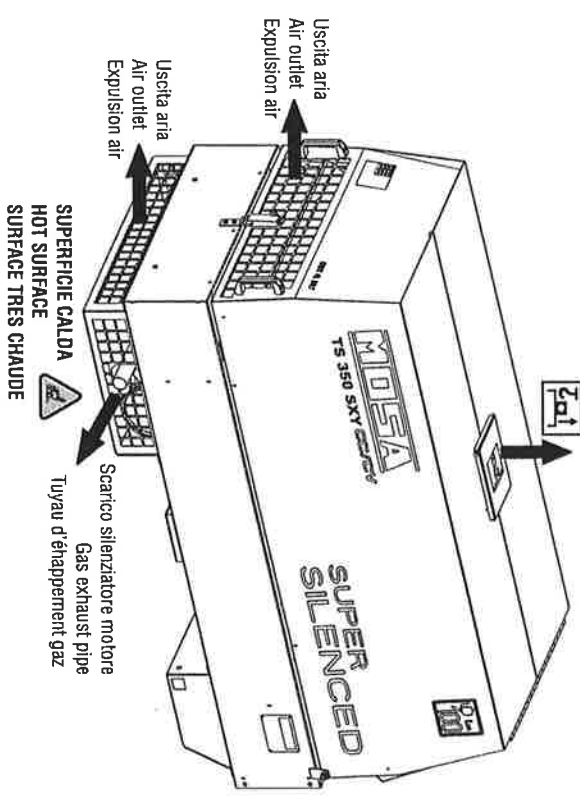
In case of necessity for first aid and of fire prevention, see page, M2.5.

**IMPORTANT**

In the storage operations avoid that polluting substances, liquids, exhausted oils, etc. bring damage to people or things or can cause negative effects to surroundings, health or safety respecting completely the laws and/or dispositions in force in the place.

**Installazione**  
Installation

Gancio di sollevamento  
Central lifting eye  
Oeillet central de levage



30/00/00 M45GB

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**UNITS WITH ELECTRIC STARTER**

Check periodically the electrolyte level in the battery, especially after long periods of inactivity.

**ATTENTION:** the battery must have all its elements in good condition and must be filled with electrolyte.

The battery is automatically charged while the engine is running at speed.

**N.B.:** in the models with safety protections, in case the battery is not reloaded, check the thermic protection (59A) reload it if it is the case as well as the fuse (35).

**PROCEDURE FOR RECHARGING A BATTERY**

Keep to the advice indicated page - M36 - Take off the breather caps of the battery.

Check the electrolyte level in all the elements of the battery.

If necessary, add up **distilled water** to have the liquid at the recommended level.

Put back the breather caps of the battery. Use a densimeter to determine the charge state of the battery.

SPECIFIC WEIGHT	CHARGE PERCENTAGE
1.265	100%
1.230	75%
1.200	50%
1.170	25%

**MODELS WITH DRY AIR FILTER (CLEANING)**

Replace the air filter cartridge every 200 hours when using the unit in a clean environment.

In a dusty environment, the filter cartridge must be replaced every 100 hours.

**IMPORTANT**

In the maintenance operations avoid that polluting substances, liquids, exhausted oils, etc. bring damage to people or things or can cause negative effects to surroundings, health or safety respecting completely the laws and/or dispositions in force in the place.



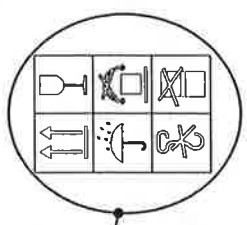
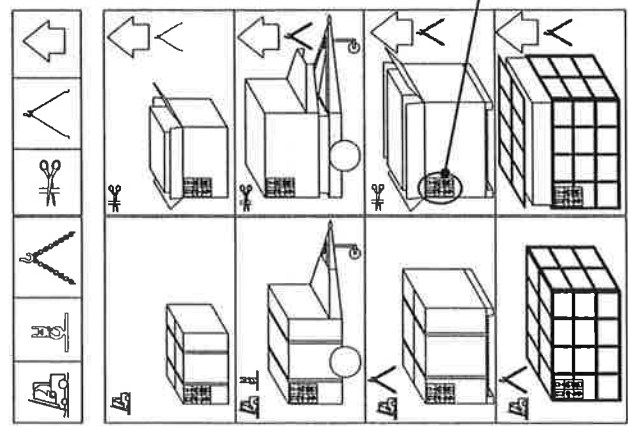
**NOTE**

Be sure that the lifting devices are: correctly mounted, adequate for the weight of the machine with its packaging, and conforms to local rules and regulations.

When receiving the goods make sure that the product has not suffered damage during the transport, that there has not been rough handling or taking away of parts contained inside the packing or in the set.

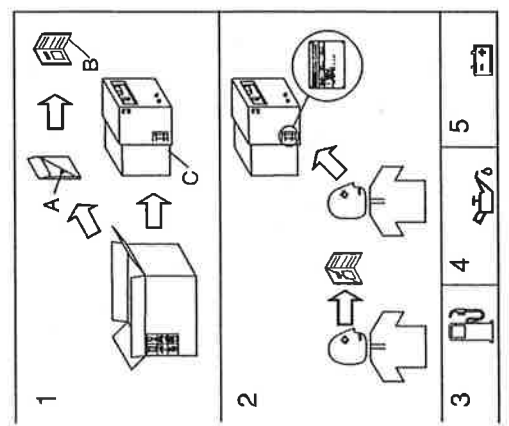
In case you find damages, rough handling or absence of parts (envelopes, manuals, etc.), we advise you to inform immediately our Technical Service.



For eliminating the packing materials, the User must keep to the norms in force in his country.



- 1) Take the machine (C) out of the shipment packing.
- 2) Take out of the envelope (A) the user's manual (B).
- 3) Fill the tank with fuel.
- 4) Introduce the engine oil (see engine manual).
- 5) Activate the battery (when assembled).

**NB.:** for points 3)-4)-5) keep to the instructions page M20 and/or M26.



	<b>WARNING</b>	
<p><b>MOVING PARTS</b> can injure</p>	<p>Have <b>qualified</b> personnel do maintenance and troubleshooting work.</p> <p>Stop the engine before doing any work inside the machine. If for any reason the machine must be operated while working inside, <b>PAY attention</b> moving parts, hot parts (exhaust manifold and muffler, etc.) electrical parts which may be unprotected when the machine is open.</p> <p>Remove guards only when necessary to perform maintenance, and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete.</p> <p>Use suitable tools and clothes.</p> <p>Do not modify the components if not authorized.</p> <p>- See pag. M1.1 -</p>	<p><b>HOT surface</b> can hurt you</p>

By maintenance at care of the utilizer we intend all the operators concerning the verification of mechanical parts, electrical parts and of the fluids subject to use or consumption during the normal operation of the machine.

For what concerns the fluids we must consider as maintenance even the periodical change and or the refills eventually necessary.

The routine cleaning of the machine is also considered maintenance.

The repair of the machine, the substitution of defective parts and the substitution of parts, which have been consumed in normal use, are not considered maintenance.

The substitution of tires is considered a repair rather than maintenance since the machine is not supplied with the necessary tools to change the tire

For the maintenance of the gasoline or Diesel engine please refer to the specific manual supplied with the unit.

The periodic maintenance should be performed according to the schedule shown in the engine manual. An optional hour counter (M) is available to simplify the determination of the working hours.

Every day check the oil level in the engine and in the air filter (if at oil bath). Make sure that there are no obstructions in the aspiration/exhaust ducts of the alternator, in the engine or in the cover (pieces of material, leaves or other).  
 See page M21 and M26.

**NOTE**

THE ENGINE PROTECTION OF THE "EP-ES-PM" TYPE DO NOT WORK WHEN THE OIL IS OF LOW QUALITY BECAUSE NOT CHARGED REGULARLY AT INTERVALS AS PRESCRIBED IN THE OWNER'S ENGINE MANUAL.

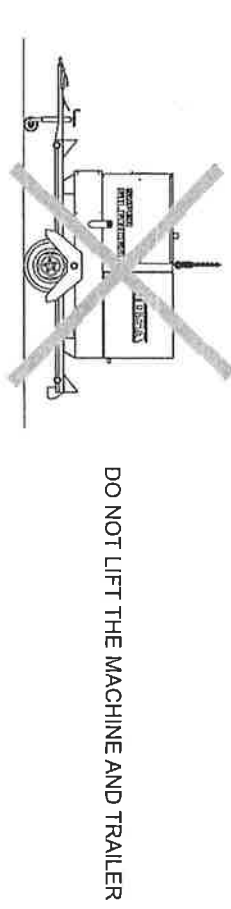
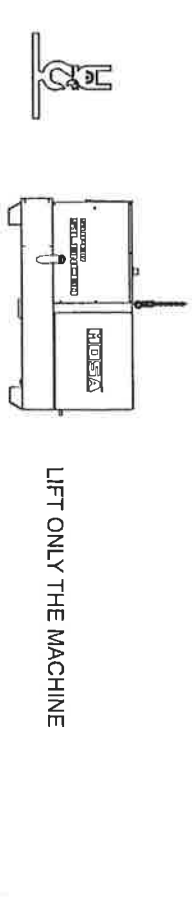
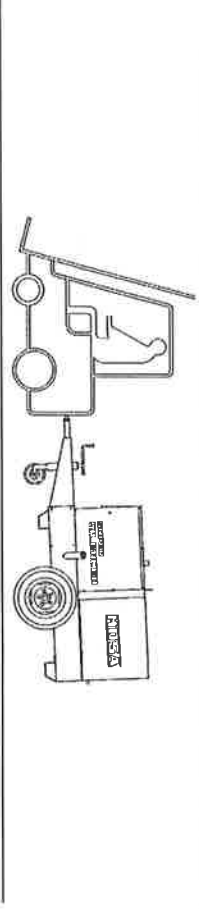
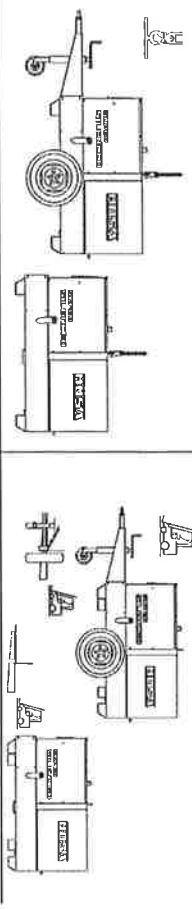
**NOTE**

In case you should transport or move the machine, keep to the instructions as per the figures. Make the transportation when the machine has **no** petrol in its tank, no oil in the engine and and electrolyte in the battery.

Be sure that the lifting devices are: correctly mounted, adequate for the weight of the machine with it's packaging, and conform to local rules and regulations. Only authorized persons involved in the transport of the machine should be in the area of movement.

**DO NOT LOAD OTHER PARTS WHICH CAN MODIFY WEIGHT AND BARGICENTER POSITION. IT IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN TO DRAG THE MACHINE MANUALLY OR TOW IT BY ANY VEHICLE (model with no CTL accessory).**

If you did not keep to the instructions, you could damage the structure of the machine.



**⚠ DANGER: LIFTING EYE IS NOT DESIGNED TO SUPPORT ADDED WEIGHT OF ROAD TOW TRAILER**



**INSULATION MONITORING**

**ENGINE PROTECTION USE**

**NOTE**

**USE OF SR/D3 MODEL**

- To vary the regulation call our Technical Assistance Department
- The warning light ON shows that the device is fed.
- Pressing a long time the Test push-button, the Fault led lights and the Alarm led twinkles;
- Leaving it, the Alarm led goes off while the Fault led remains lit. The pressure on the Reset key brings the device back to initial conditions.
- If the insulation resistance goes down below the fixed alarm value, the Alarm led twinkles, at the same time the Alarm contact switches; if the insulation resistance goes down further and becomes inferior to the fixed value for the Fault, the Fault led lights and at the same time both exchange contacts switch putting the Fault in activity and the Alarm at rest.
- After having checked the device and removed the cause of the problem, re-establish the circuit pressing the push-button RESET.

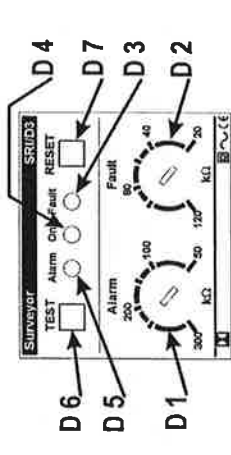
Do not intervene on the setting of the insulation checker.  
Before using the machine check the ON warning lamp lighting

**USE AS TROUBLE INDICATOR:**  
Placed on the front panel, the insulation monitor (A3) is a relay which controls continuously the insulation of the auxiliary circuits towards the ground. The device generates internally a continuous 12V voltage which is applied between the circuit under control and the ground.

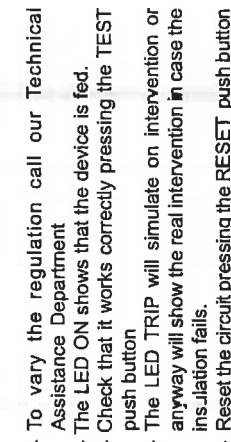
**USE AS TROUBLE INDICATOR AND INTERVENTION:**  
The insulation monitor controls a device (release coil, contactor, etc.) which opens the whole auxiliary circuit, lifting voltage in the whole part of the machine auxiliary generation.

**USE OF RI - R22M MODEL:**

- To vary the regulation call our Technical Assistance Department
- The LED ON shows that the device is fed.
- Check that it works correctly pressing the TEST push button
- The LED TRIP will simulate on intervention or anyway will show the real intervention in case the insulation fails.
- Reset the circuit pressing the RESET push button after having checked the plant and removed the problem cause.



- LEGEND:**
- D1 Regulation of Alarm threshold
  - D2 Regulation of Fault threshold
  - D3 Led, fault indication
  - D4 Led feeding indication
  - D5 Led Alarm indication
  - D6 Test push-button
  - D7 Reset push-button



- LEGEND:**
- A3.1 - Adjustment potentiometer insulation resistance
  - A3.2 - Manual reset push button
  - A3.3 - Test push button
  - A3.4 - Auxiliary feeding presence LED
  - A3.5 - TRIP LED

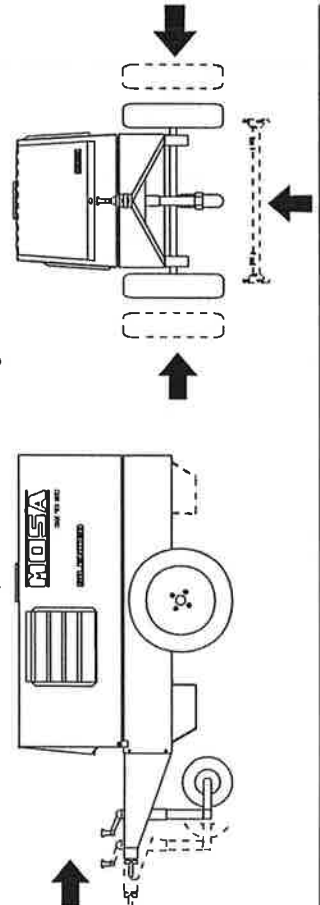
**ATTENTION**

The CTL accessory cannot be removed from the machine and used separately (actioned manually or following vehicles) for the transport of loads or anyway for used different from the machine movements.

**TRAILERS**  
The machines provided for assembling the CTL accessory (slow towing trolley) can be towed up to a **maximum** speed of **40 Kms/hour** on asphalted surfaces.

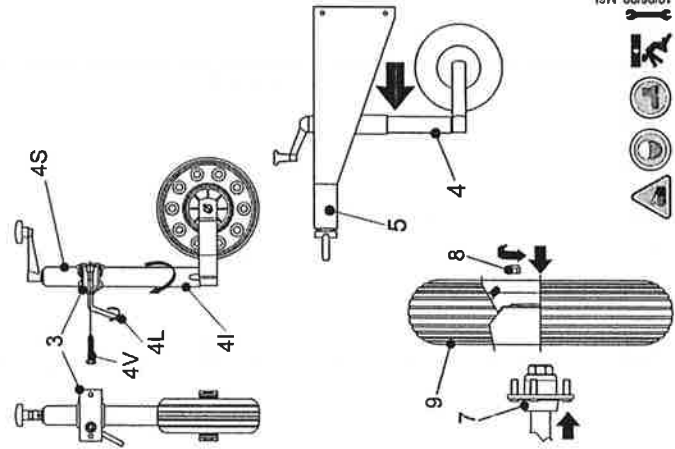
Towing on public roads or turnpikes of any type **IS EXCLUDED**, because **not** in possession of the requirements by national and foreign traffic norms.

**Note:** Lift the machine and assemble the parts as shown in the drawing



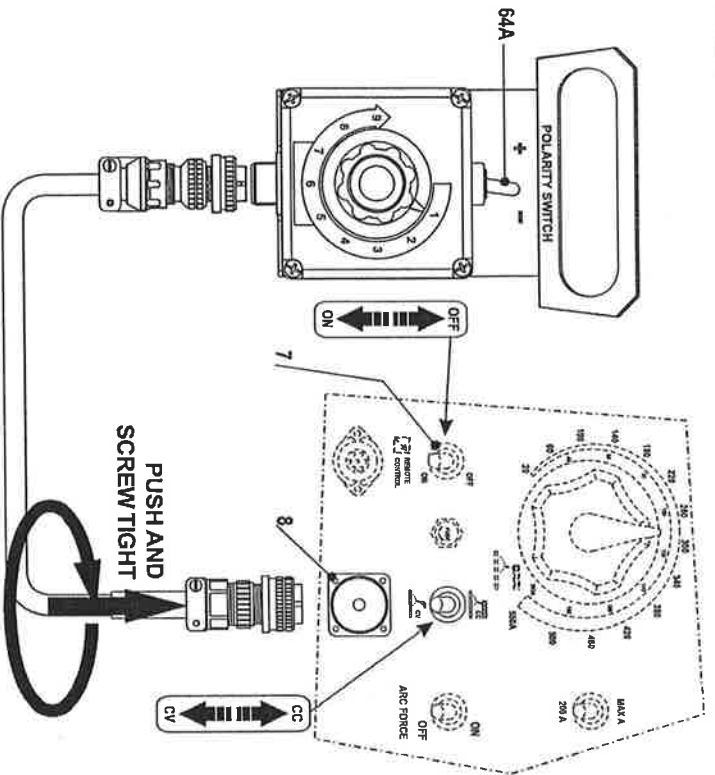
For assembling the generating set on the trolley CTL400 please keep to following instructions:

- 1) - Lift the generating set (by means of suitable hook).
- 2) - Slightly fix the jaw (3) of the parking foot to the bar with the M10x20 screws, the M10 nuts and the washers (so as to let the foot sprag go through).
- 3) - Split (unscrewing them) the two parts of the foot (4S-4I) to be able later to assemble them on the jaw.
- 4) - Introduce into the jaw (3) the upper part (4S) of the foot and screw again the lower part (4I), then tighten the screws (4V) of the jaw to the towbar and block momentarily with the lever (4L) the whole foot.
- 5) - Assemble on the machine the towbar (5) complete of foot with the M10x20 screws, nuts and washers (see fig. page M6.2).
- 6) - Assemble the axle (7) to the base of the machine (see fig. page M6.2) with the M 10x20 screws and relative washers (two per part) so that their supports coincide.
- 8) - Insert the wheel (9) on the axle then screw the self blocking nuts (6).
- 9) - Pump the tyre (9) bringing the pressure to four atms.
- 10) - Lower the machine to the ground and place the parking foot definitively (regulating at the best height).



**ATTENTION**

Do not substitute the original tires with other types.



It is possible to connect the TCPL4, to all engine driven welders CC/CV and CC/CV-PL versions.

The remote control device for regulating the welding current in the CC mode and the welding voltage in the CV mode is connected to the front panel by means of a multipole connector.

To regulate the current from the TCPL 4, move the switch (7), located above the multipole connector (8), to „ON“ position.

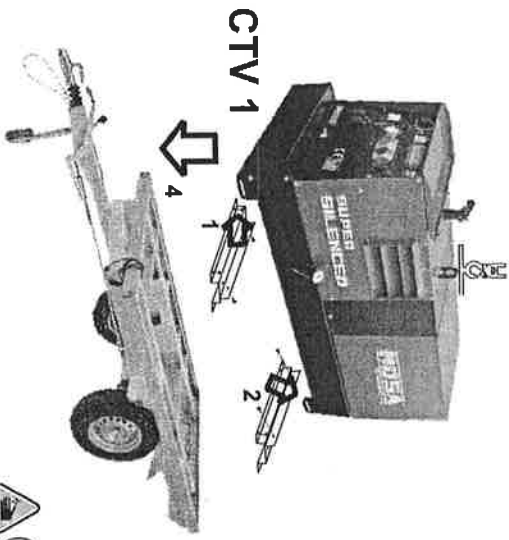
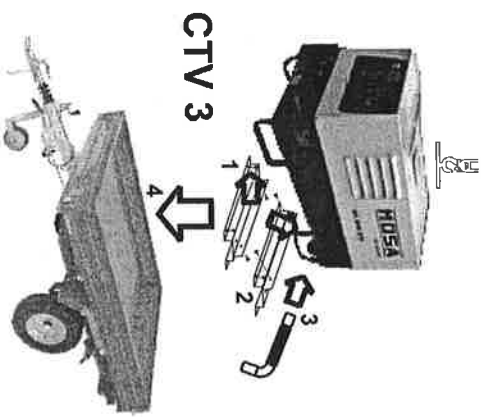
The remote control of the polarity inverter (64A) permits to inverse the polarity directly from the control itself (only for CC/CV-PL models).

Position welding current adjusting knob at the necessary current value for the diameter and type of electrode.

**MAKE SURE**  
When the TCPL 4 is not used, make sure that the switch is in the "OFF" position.

**Notz:** Lift the machine and assemble the parts as shown in the drawing

- Lift the machine and assemble the parts indicated in the figure.
  - 1) and 2) fix the crossbars to the unit with the screws corresponding to the holes made on the supports.
  - 3) fix the extension plate of the exhaust pipe in the points provided on the trolley.
- Put the unit on the trolley platform and then fix it. Connect the flexible pipe to the plate and to the exhaust of the unit with the blocking clamps.
- ATTENTION** For every missing information please refer to the conformity declaration for vehicles of homologated type .... given with the trolley, declaratio
- The maximum permitted speed can be found in the declaration of conformity.  
For information about the trailer refer to the declaration of conformity, which is supplied with the trailer.



**BATTERY WITHOUT MAINTENANCE**



Connect the cable + (positive) to the pole + (positive) of the battery (after having taken away the protection), by properly tightening the clamp.

Check the state of the battery from the colour of the warning light which is in the upper part.

- Green colour: battery OK
  - Black colour: battery to be recharged
  - White colour: battery to be replaced
- DO NOT OPEN THE BATTERY.**

**LUBRICANT**

**RECOMMENDED OIL**  
 MOSA recommends selecting AGIP engine oil.  
 Refer to the label on the motor for the recommended products.



Please refer to the motor operating manual for the recommended viscosity.

**REFUELLING AND CONTROL:**

Carry out refuelling and controls with motor at level position.

1. Remove the oil-fill tap (24)
2. Pour oil and replace the tap
3. Check the oil level using the dipstick (23); the oil level must be comprised between the minimum and maximum indicators.

**ATTENTION**

It is dangerous to fill the motor with too much oil, as its combustion can provoke a sudden increase in rotation speed.



**AIR FILTER**

Check that the dry air filter is correctly installed and that there are no leaks around the filter, which could lead to infiltrations of non-filtered air to the inside of the motor.



**FUEL**

**ATTENTION**

Do not smoke or use open flames during refuelling operations, in order to avoid explosions or fire hazards.

Fuel fumes are highly toxic; carry out operations outdoors only, or in a well-ventilated environment.

Avoid accidentally spilling fuel. Clean any eventual leaks before starting up motor.



Refill the tank with good quality diesel fuel, such as automobile type diesel fuel, for example.

For further details on the type of diesel fuel to use, see the motor operating manual supplied.

Do not fill the tank completely; leave a space of approx. 10 mm between the fuel level and the wall of the tank to allow for expansion.

In rigid environmental temperature conditions, use special winterized diesel fuels or specific additives in order to avoid the formation of paraffin.



**EP1 engine protection module and auto-idle (Only for EP1 Version)**

The EP1 engine protection module shuts down the engine if the oil pressure is too low or if the engine temperature is too high. There is a series of LED's, which show the status of the engine. The top, yellow LED lights every time the engine is started and inhibits the acceleration of the engine for about 30 seconds to allow the engine to warm-up. At low temperatures the engine should be kept at idle for several minutes after the LED has gone out before being loaded. After about 15 seconds the green LED lights up indicating that the oil pressure is sufficient and the engine temperature is not too high. The two red LED's light up in the event of an engine shutdown and show whether low oil pressure or high engine temperature caused the shut down. The last, green LED lights when the engine is accelerated (see below).

The EP1 not only protects the engine but it also has an auto-idle feature, which keeps the engine at low speed until welding current or auxiliary power is required saving fuel, reducing the noise level and extending the life of the engine. There are two independent sensors - one for welding and one for auxiliary power.

Welding - touching the electrode to the work piece will accelerate the engine, which will remain accelerated as long as current is being drawn. If no current is drawn for about 20-30 seconds the engine will return to low speed.

Auxiliary power - plug the tool or other load into any socket and turn it on. The engine will accelerate and remain accelerated as long as current is drawn. If no current is drawn for about 20-30 seconds the engine will return to low speed.

Liquid cooled - in case of cooling liquid high temperature, the warning light will light up and the engine will be kept at MINIMUM thus preventing to draw power.

In this case it is SUGGESTED to stop the engine and control the cooling liquid level.

MOSA E.P.1	
LOW	D1.1 (G) Low oil temperature / Cold engine
ENGINE OK	D1.2 (V) Engine test / OK engine
PRESS.	D1.3 (R) Low oil pressure
HIGH	D1.4 (R) High temperature
	D1.5 (V) Engine at maximum

**COLORS**  
 G= Yellow  
 V=Green  
 R=Red

Note: This unit is equipped with a manual accelerator for use in the unlikely event that the EP1 or the accelerator solenoid should fail. This manual accelerator can also be used in cases where the auto-idle function is not suitable for the type of welding being carried out.

**Accelerator lever**



CAUTION: For machines with E.P.1 engine protection use the accelerator lever ONLY IN EMERGENCY when the automatic idle does not work.

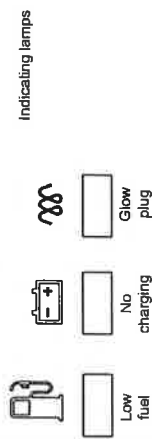
Note: The engine protections of the "EP" type do not work when the oil is of low quality because not changed regularly at intervals as prescribed in the owner's engine manual.

**Indicating lamps**

Battery charge indicator - this lamp lights if the battery charging circuit is not operating.

Low fuel level shut down indicator - when the fuel in the tank is at the reserve level this lamp lights and the engine is automatically shut down to prevent getting air in the engine fuel lines.

Note: This indicator will go on when the fuel level is low but may not remain on after the engine stops. The battery charge indicator and low oil pressure LED (on EP1) will be on as the engine is stopped even if the problem is not related to them. Sockets live indicators - there are lamps above the auxiliary power sockets that are lighted when power is present on the sockets.



**Instruments**

Standard instruments include an operating hour counter and a voltmeter for the auxiliary power that shows the three-phase voltage (400V). If the voltmeter does not show any voltage check that the GFI (ground fault interrupter) is inserted. The voltage shown will vary depending on the load. At no load the voltage can be as high as 440V and at full load as low as 360V.



operating hours



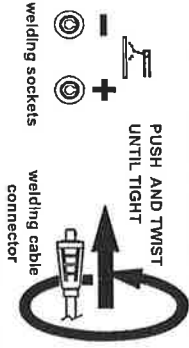
Auxiliary power voltmeter

**COLORS**  
 G= Yellow  
 V=Green  
 R=Red

**Welding cable connections**

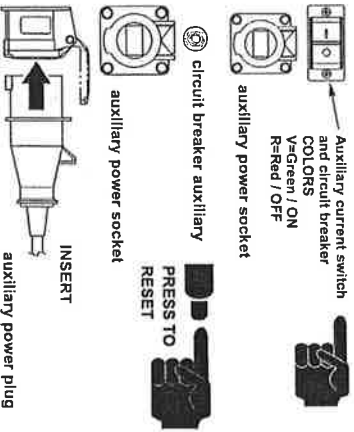
For direct current electrode positive, connect work cable to negative (-) terminal and electrode holder to positive (+) terminal. For direct current electrode negative, reverse cable connections. When gouging connect the positive lead to the socket marked "ONLY GOUGING."

Make sure that the ground clamp makes a good connection and is near the welding position.



**Auxiliary power outlets and thermal circuit breaker**

The unit is equipped with 4 auxiliary output sockets - one three phase and three single phase. The voltages depend on the version selected. The three-phase socket requires no protection as the asynchronous alternator protects itself. The single-phase sockets are supplied with thermal circuit breakers. The 32A socket has a push button type thermal circuit breaker that pops out when overloaded. After it has been activated it needs a short time to cool down and then can be re-inserted. The two 16A sockets have thermal circuit breakers, which have an indicator lamp incorporated and can also be used to turn off the power to the socket. When they are overloaded the green button pops out and the lamp goes out. To reset wait a few minutes for it to cool down and then push in the green button. To turn off the power to the socket push in the red button. If the thermal circuit breakers continue to pop out check that the load is not too large for the output of the socket.



**Ground fault interrupter**

The ground fault interrupter protects the operator from injury in the event of a ground fault. If it is activated, raise the plastic cover and push the lever up to reset.



**Insulation monitoring**

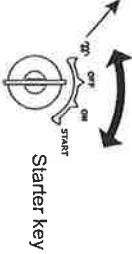
The insulation monitor is a relay which controls continuously the insulation of the auxiliary circuits towards the ground it controls a device (release coil, contactor, etc.) which opens the whole auxiliary circuit, lifting voltage in the whole part of the machine auxiliary generation.

**Starter key**

To start the engine, turn the starter key to the left ("preheat" position indicated by the symbol for a glow plug). When the green lamp below the key (has the same glow plug symbol) goes out, turn the key clockwise to the "START" position to activate the starter motor. Once the engine has started re-turn it to the "ON" position.

To stop the engine turn the key to the "OFF" position.

cold starting (max. 15 seconds)



Fuse for electrical circuit



**Check daily**

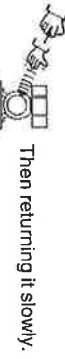


**NOTE**  
 Do not alter the primary conditions of regulation and do not touch the sealed parts.

**ENGINES WITH MANUAL RECOIL**

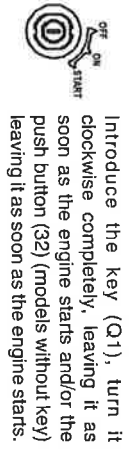


Hold the starting handle firmly.  
 Pull the rope hard and fast. Pull it all the way out. Use two hands if necessary.



**ENGINES WITH ACCELERATOR LEVER**

Make sure that the accelerator lever or the switch (16) is at its minimum setting.  
 Insert the electric protection device (D-Z2-N2) lever towards above and, where mounted, check the isolation monitor (A3) see page M37 -

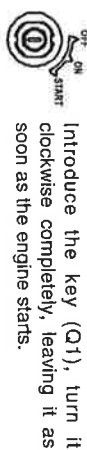


**NB.:** for safety reason the key must be kept by qualified personnel.

Once the engine has started leave it running at a reduced speed for some minutes.  
 Accelerate the engine at max., set lever on maximum position and then take up load.

**ENGINES WITHOUT ACCELERATOR LEVER**

Insert the electric protection device (D-Z2-N2) lever towards above and, where mounted, check the isolation monitor (A3) see page M37 -



**NB.:** for safety reason the key must be kept by qualified personnel.

Let the engine run for some minutes before drawing the load.  
 Open the fuel cock (where it is assembled).

**CAUTION**

**RUNNING-IN**  
 During the first 50 hours of operation, do not use more than 60% of the maximum output power of the unit and check the oil level frequently, in any case please stick to the rules given in the engine use manual.

**NOTE**

The machines with E.P. 1 engine protection device (D1), use the accelerator lever ONLY IN EMERGENCY when the engine protection does not work. In this case turn immediately to our Authorized Assistance Centers.

**ENGINE WITH PREHEATING GLOW PLUGS**

Turn the starter key (Q1) on the position „preheating glow plugs“ (the glow plugs light will be on I4), when the light is off, turn the starter key completely clockwise until the engine begins to fire. Let the engine run for some minutes before drawing the load.

**ENGINES WITH R.P.M. ELECTRONIC ADJUSTER (ONLY FOR GENERATING SET)**

Turn the starter key (Q1) completely clockwise until the engine begins to fire.

Wait for the AUTOMATIC preheating time before drawing the load

**OCCASIONAL USE OF THE ENGINE**

Using the engine in special conditions which need an immediate intervention, such as emergency plants, etc., use advise to use our Engine Assistance Centres for specific interventions or our Technical Assistance Service.

**CAUTION**

If the engine fails to start, do not insist for at least 15 seconds. Space the further operations waiting for at least 4 minutes.

**CAUTION**

**MACHINE WITH EMERGENCY BUTTON**

Before starting the engine, make sure that the emergency button (32B) is off (turn the button clockwise for this operation)

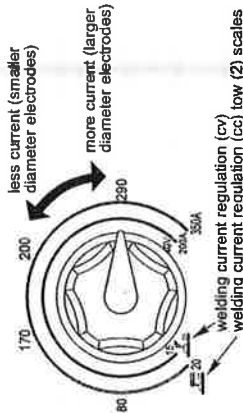


**Welding current/voltage regulation (option)**

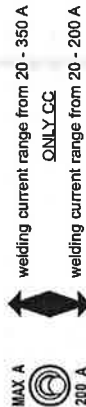
Current regulation - the welding current/voltage potentiometer regulates the welding current when the CC/CV switch is in the CC (constant current) position. Select the appropriate current scale (20-200A and 20-350A) for the size of electrodes to be welded using current range selector.

**Option**

Voltage regulation - the welding current/voltage potentiometer regulates the welding voltage when the CC/CV switch is in the CV (constant voltage) position. Select the correct voltage for the type and size of wire being used.



**Welding current range selection**



**Arc Force Selector**

This welder is equipped with base current for improved welding with cellulose electrodes. The base current functions when the arc force selector is turned on. This base current can also be used when welding with wire.

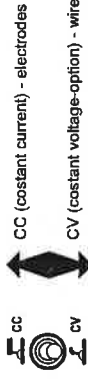


**Machines with polarity inverter**

it permits to have at the electrode holder the positive or negative polarity of the welding diode bridge. It is used above all in the first run with cellulose electrodes to lower the bath temperature and so doing ease up the welding on pipes of small thickness.

**Mode selection - CC or CV (option)**

This switch is used to select the CC (constant current) mode for welding electrodes or the CV (constant voltage) mode for welding wire. The current or voltage is regulated by the welding current/voltage regulation potentiometer (see above).

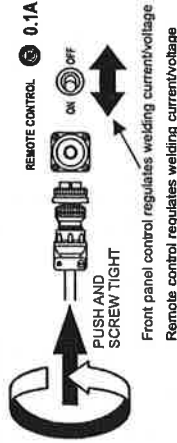


**Remote control and wire feeder connection**

Note: both the devices use the same connector.

1) Remote control

The optional TCPL remote control is used to control the current or voltage at a distance. When the switch is "ON" (pointing toward the remote control connector), the current/voltage is regulated by the remote control. When the switch is "OFF", the current/voltage is regulated by the front panel potentiometer.



2) Wire feeder (MOSA model) - CV mode (option)

The welder is equipped with the output for the wire feeder connection; on the front panel you can choose the voltage supply between the d.c. arc voltage or the 42 V a.c.:

